



IMMAGINI DIGITALI: VERITÀ E BUGIE

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TRUE OR FALSE?



Umberto Smaila





TRUE



FALSE





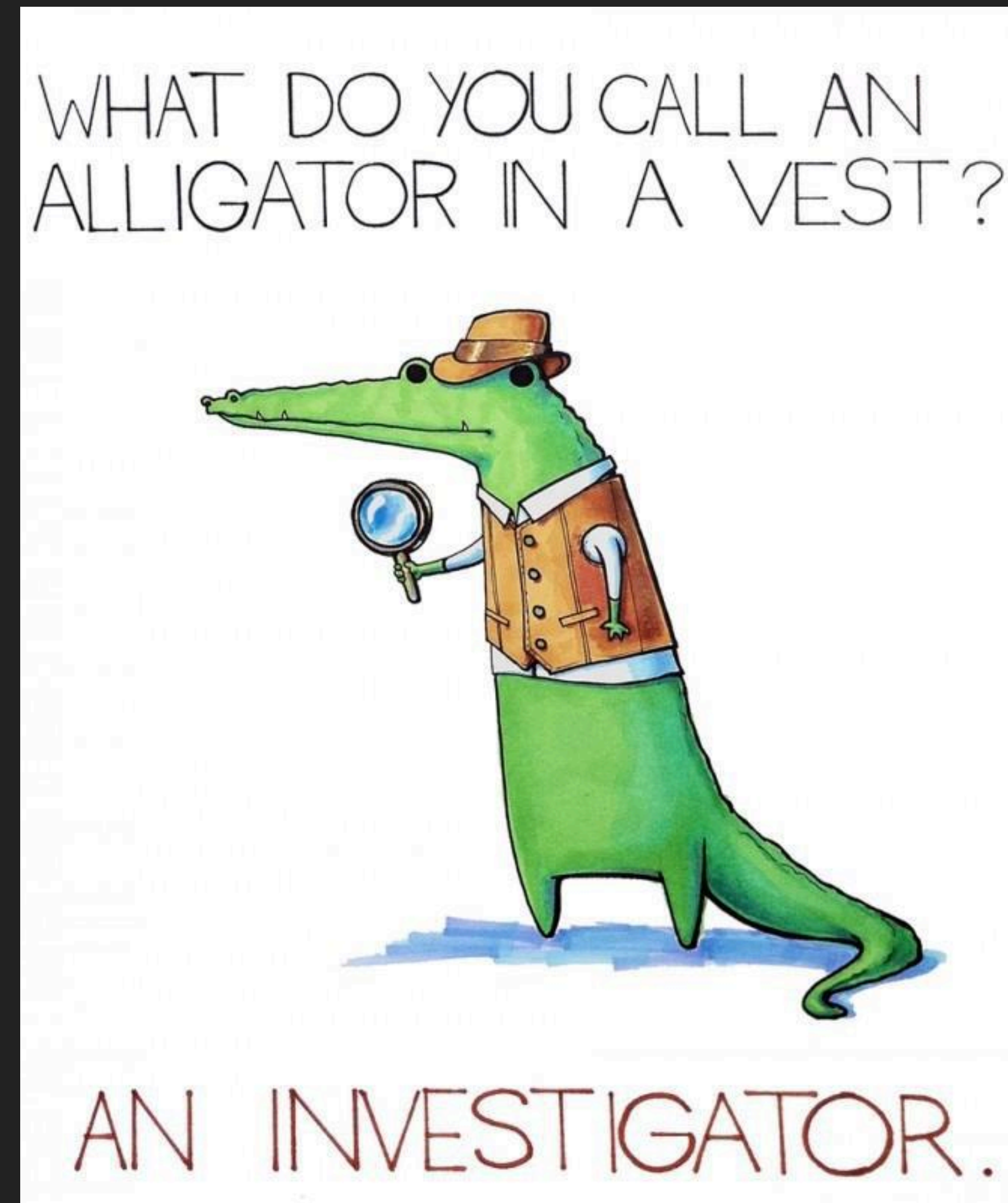
IMAGES ARE EVERYWHERE

- ▶ Manipulating digital photos is **easy**. Detecting it can be **hard**.
- ▶ Many formats, many sources (photo, website, social, whatever).
- ▶ **Seeing** is not **believing**.
- ▶ Sometimes you need to **trust** images:
 - ▶ Journalism, investigation, law enforcement, etc.



IMAGE FORENSICS

- ▶ Forensic Image Analysis is the application of **image science** and domain expertise to interpret the content of an image and/or the image itself.
- ▶ Image Authentication to the rescue.
- ▶ People should understand how much a media content is trusted.
- ▶ Is it ever possible to be **100%** sure ?



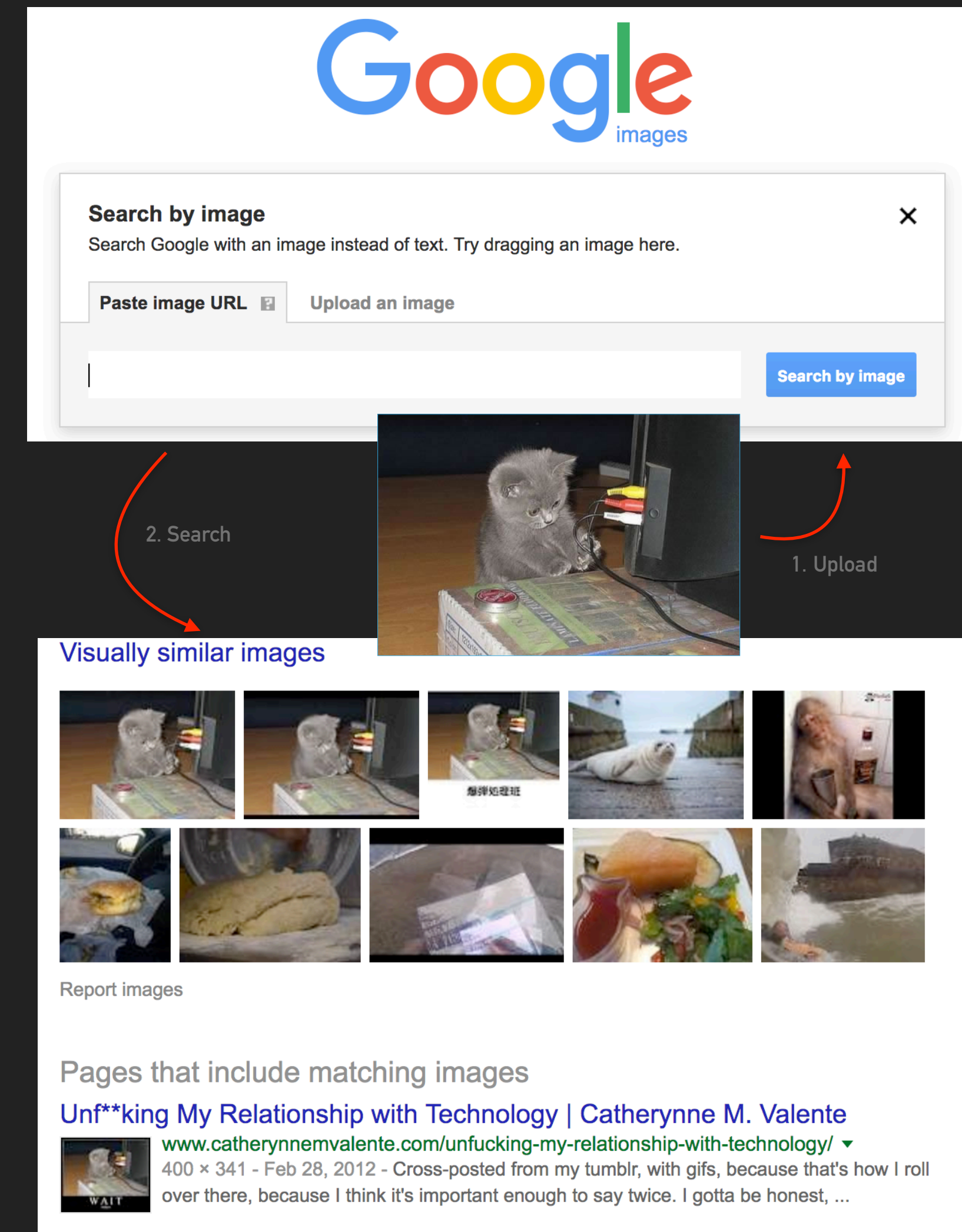


HOW TO SPOT A FAKE IMAGE?

TECHNIQUES

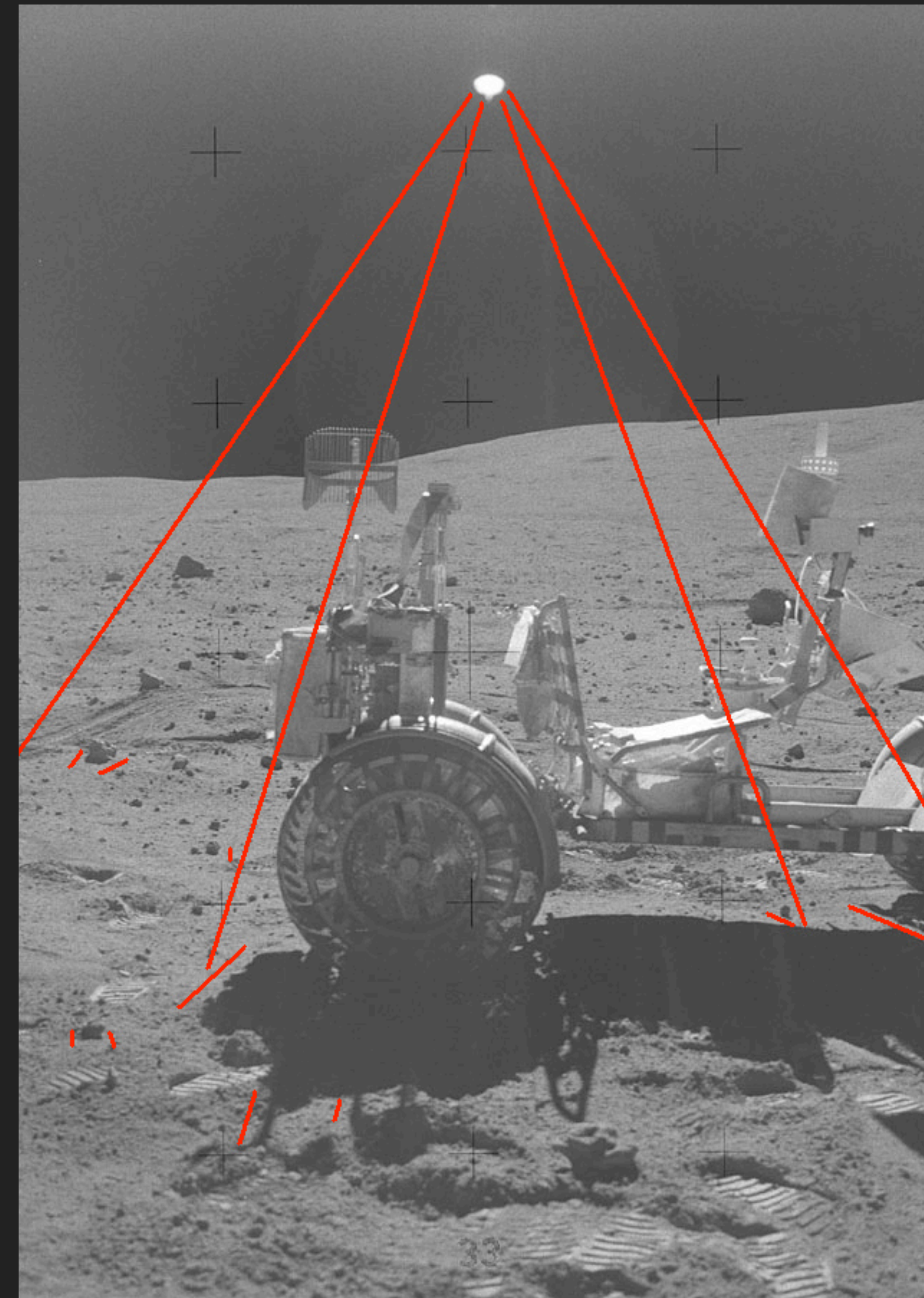
REVERSE IMAGE SEARCH

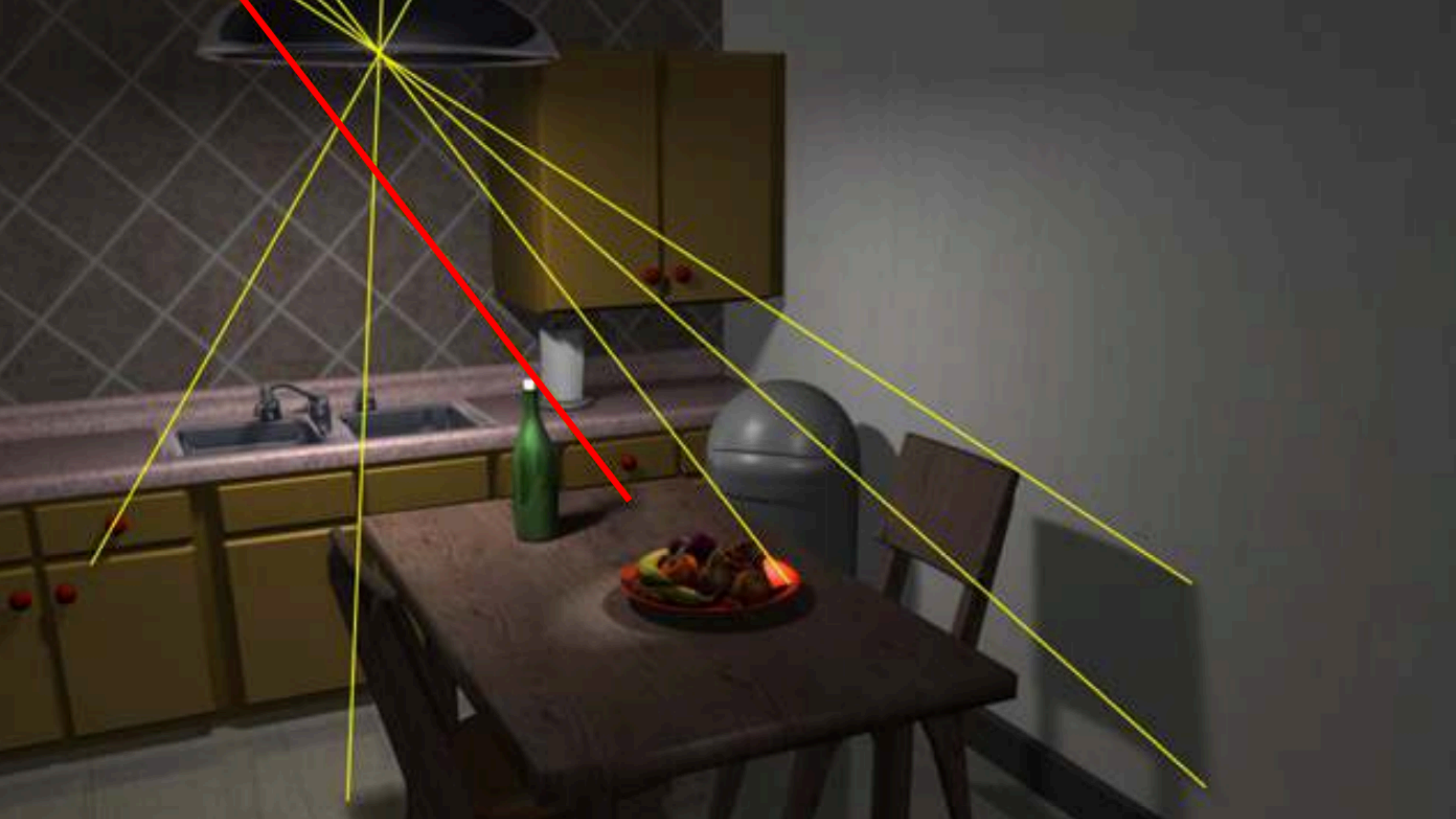
- ▶ Are you looking at the **original** version?
- ▶ Most of the image or a small part (cropped image) may be on the Internet .
- ▶ Reverse **search**:
 - ▶ Google Images
 - ▶ TinEye
 - ▶ Bing, Baidu, Yandex, etc.

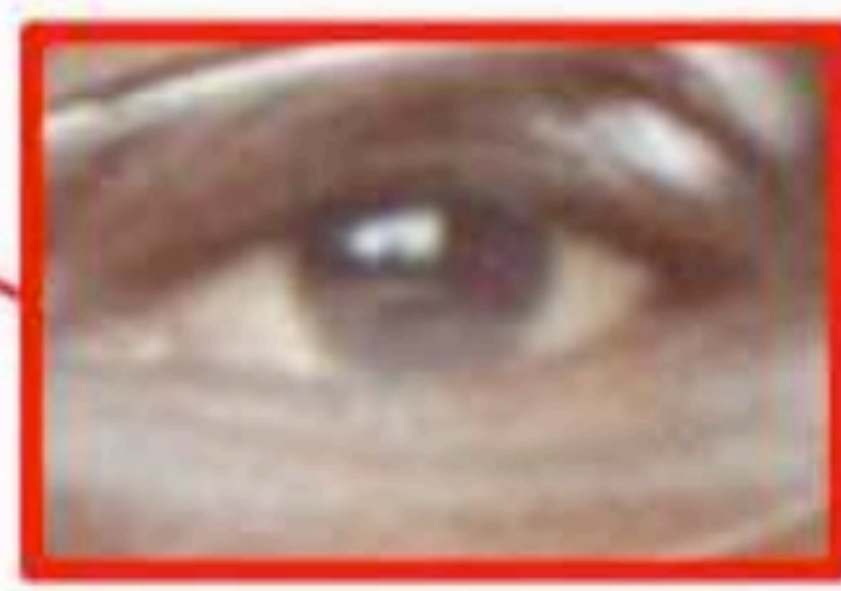
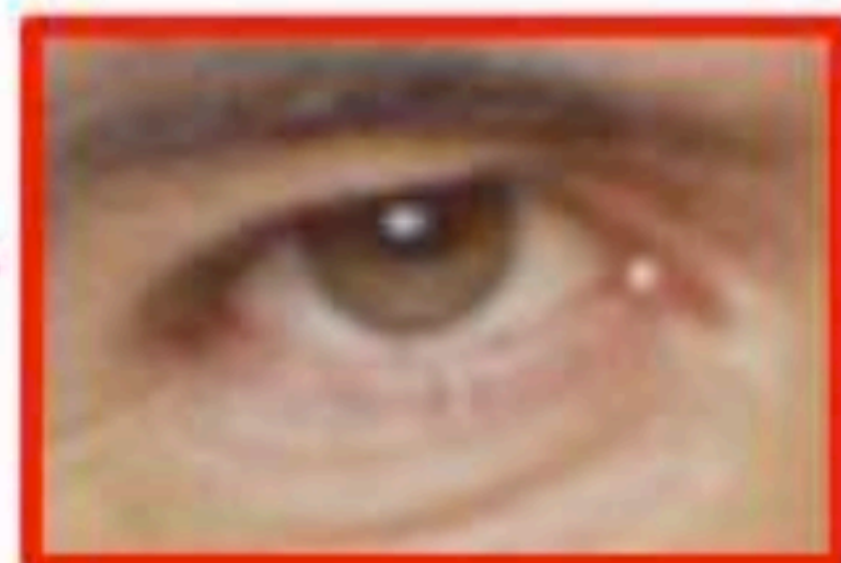


SHADOWS & REFLECTIONS

- ▶ Carefully analyse the position of **light** sources for inconsistencies.
- ▶ **Ray tracing** objects and their shadows / reflections.
- ▶ Trace **shadow** lines, look for absence of shadows
- ▶ Check **eye** reflections, eye orientation, **face** details.
- ▶ Vanishing points, distances within the image and 3D models.







LOCATION

- ▶ Corroborate the **location**, date and approximate time the image was taken.
- ▶ **Cross** reference: weather, landmarks, plates, etc.
- ▶ Google Street is your friend.
- ▶ Get location from metadata.
- ▶ Details screw your **OPSEC**.



CAMERA FINGERPRINTING

- ▶ Compression schemes, Huffman tables, etc. can be used to **fingerprint** the camera or software program that created the image.
- ▶ Quantisation¹ matrices and Huffman tables can be used to fingerprint the image creator.
- ▶ **Lens** distortion or aberrations.
- ▶ Image **sensor**: fixed pattern noise and colour filter defects.

1. <http://impulseadventure.com>



METADATA

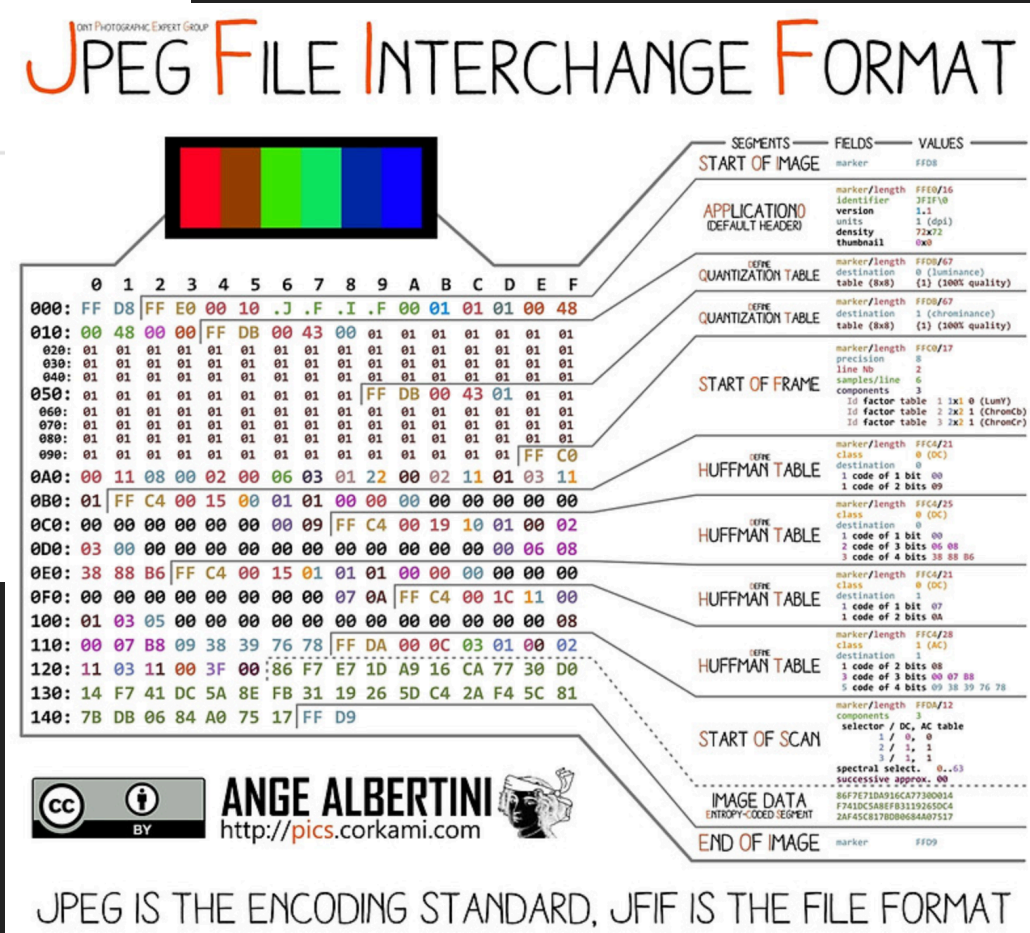
- ▶ Metadata (EXIF, XMP, IPTC) can **contain** useful information:
 - ▶ Geolocation, thumbnails, editing trails, timestamp, etc.
- ▶ **Custom** tags (by vendor).
- ▶ Fingerprinting camera by vendor metadata.
- ▶ Fusking: filenames.

YResolution: 300
ResolutionUnit: inch
ExifTag: 296
Copyright: Jeffrey Friedl
Artist: Jeffrey Friedl
Make: NIKON CORPORATION
GPSTag: 898
DateTime: 2012:11:12 21:47:45
YCbCrPositioning: Centered
XResolution: 300
Model: NIKON D4
Software: Adobe Photoshop Lightroom 4.3 (Macintosh)

InteroperabilityIndex: R98
InteroperabilityVersion: 1.00

YResolution: 72
ResolutionUnit: inch
Compression: JPEG (old-style)
XResolution: 72
JPEGInterchangeFormatLength: 25539
JPEGInterchangeFormat: 1106

GPSLatitudeRef: North
GPSLatitude: 35deg 9' 44.292"
GPSVersionID: 2.3.0.0
GPSLongitudeRef: East
GPSLongitude: 136deg 16' 48.324"



OOPS! DID VICE JUST GIVE AWAY JOHN MCAFEE'S LOCATION WITH PHOTO METADATA?



John McAfee and Vice editor in chief Rocco Castoro. Photo: Robert King/VICE

Geotagging nei metadata EXIF.

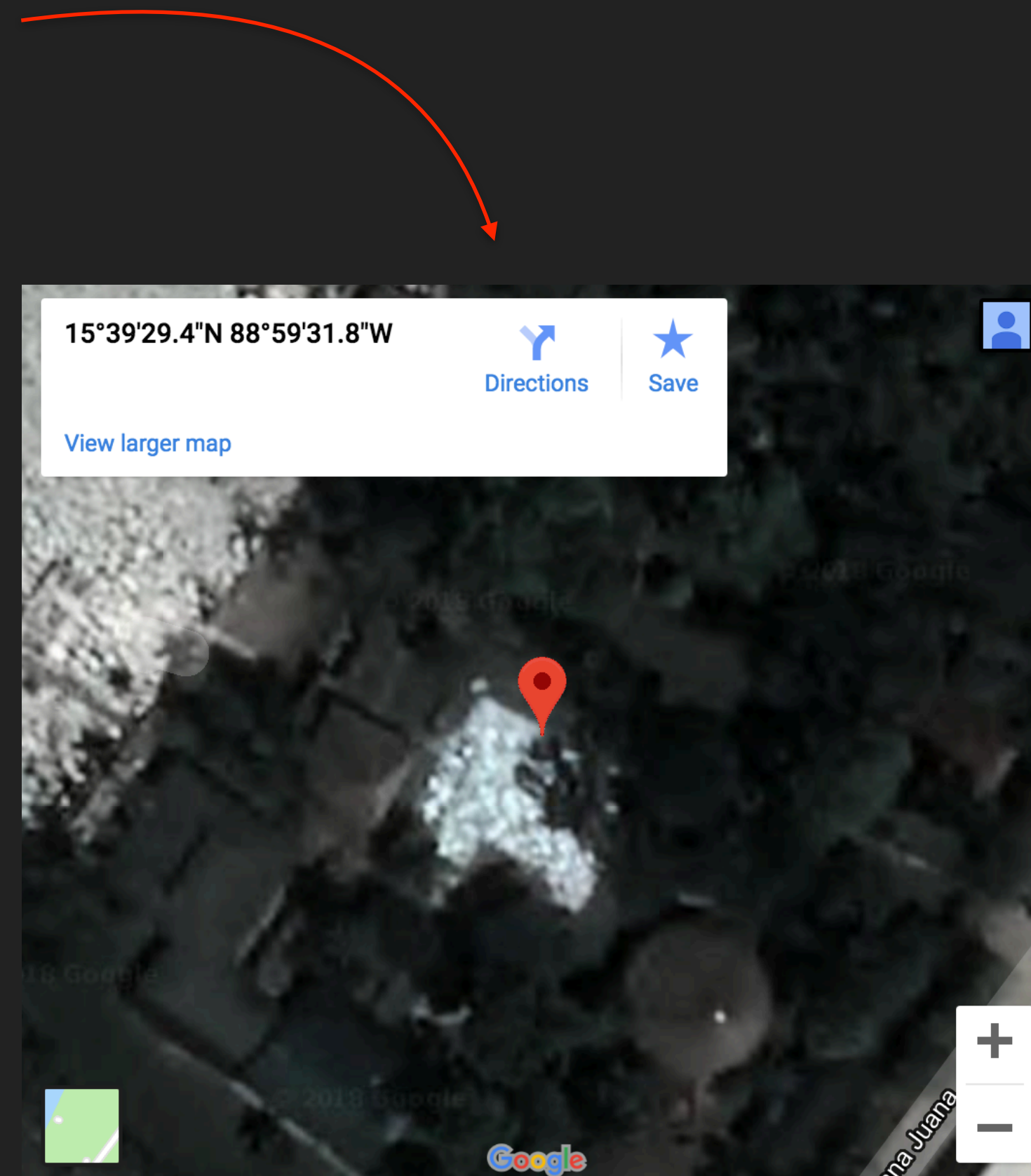
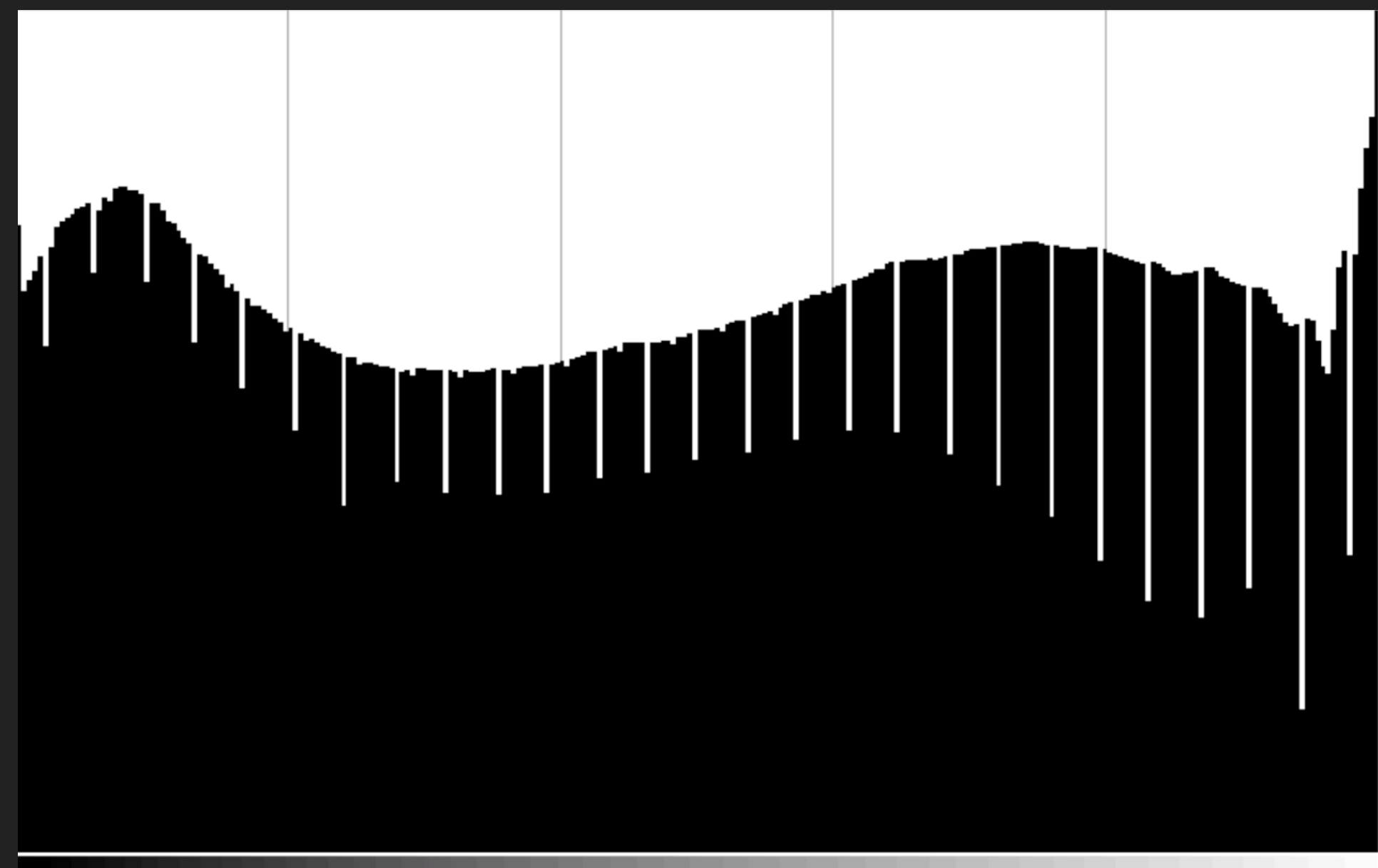
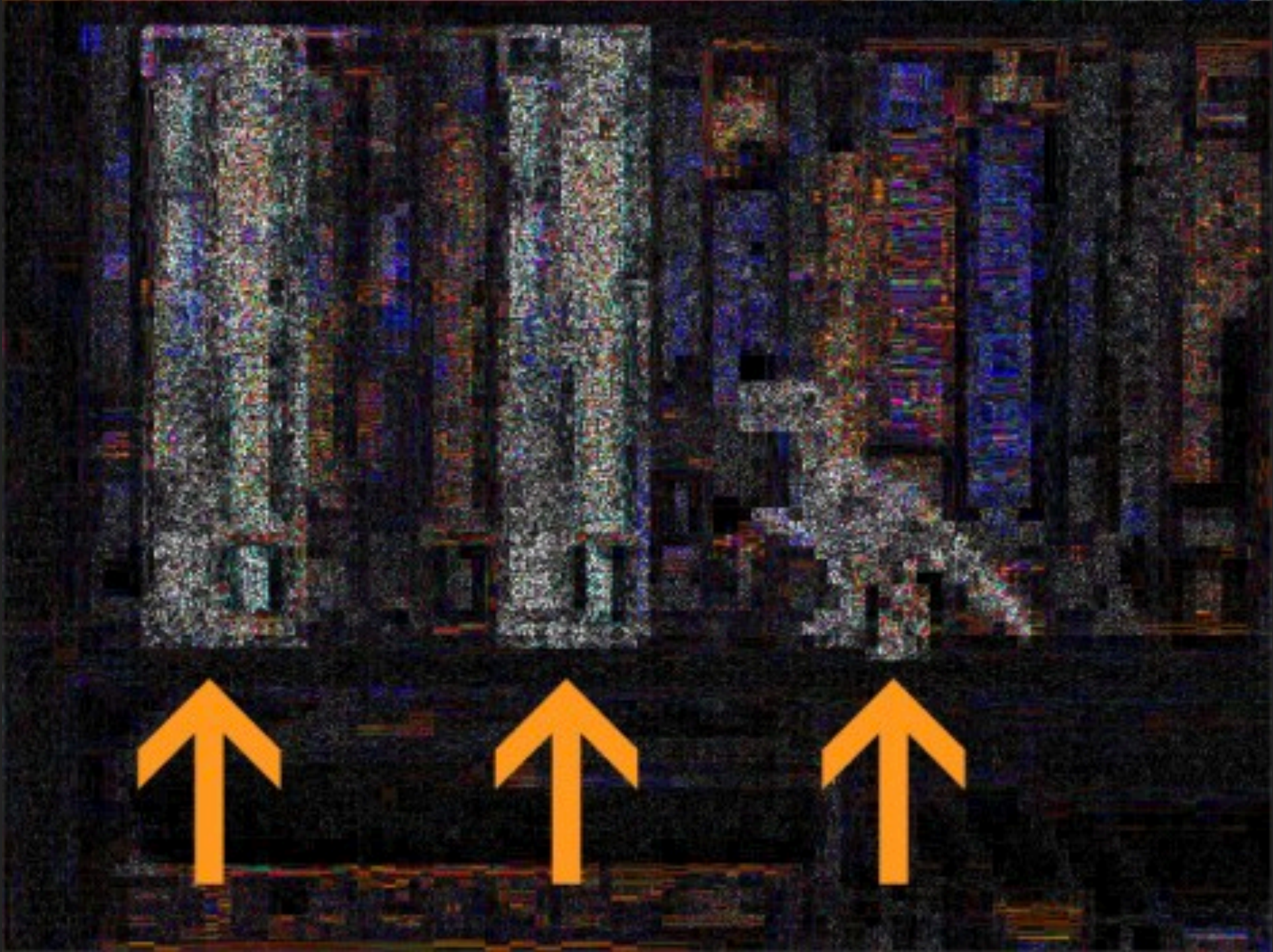


IMAGE PROPERTIES

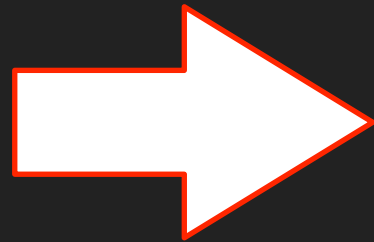
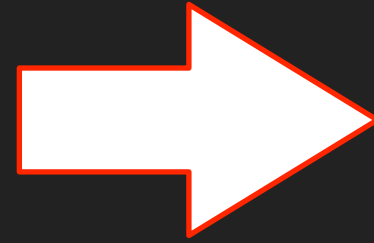
- ▶ Clone detection.
- ▶ **Histogram** Analysis (detecting colour manipulation).
- ▶ Error Level Analysis (**ELA**).
- ▶ Luminance Gradient (backgrounds are artificially enhanced).











PROTECT THE AUTHENTICITY

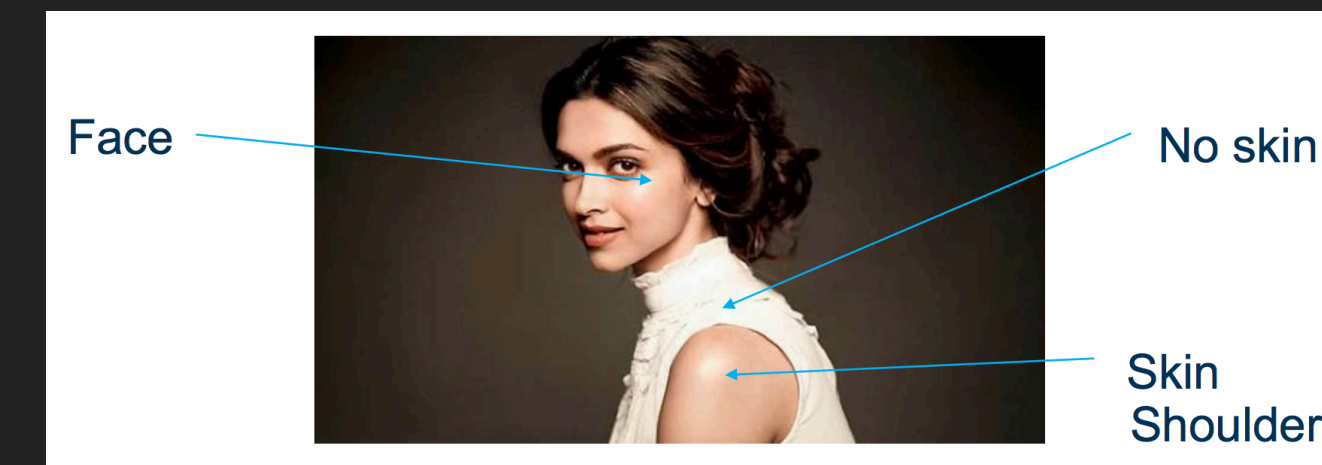
- ▶ Methods for **authentication**, tamper detection, and robustness against different image processing operations.
- ▶ Digital **signature** / crypto.
- ▶ **Watermarking.**
 - ▶ Many color laser printers embed secret information in every page they print¹.



1. <http://www.eff.org/Privacy/printers/docucolor/>

TONS OF STUFF

- ▶ Image **ensorship** and reversing.
- ▶ Image **lassification** and ML.
- ▶ Facial recognition and biometrics.





GOT WEAPONS

TOOLS

TOOLS

- ▶ Commercial Tools / Free and Open Source Tools:
 - ▶ Ghiro¹ - full image forensics framework.
 - ▶ Jpegsnoop² - uses EXIF data, quantisation matrices, Huffman tables to assess what created the image.
 - ▶ Phoenix³ - small image forensics tool that can run some common analyses on images.

1. <http://www.getghiro.org>

2. <http://www.impulseadventure.com/photo/jpeg-snoop.html>

3. <https://github.com/ebemunk/phoenix>



IMAGE VERIFICATION CHECKLIST

- ▶ Reverse image search.
- ▶ Check for image physics.
- ▶ Metadata analysis.
- ▶ Geolocation.
- ▶ Fingerprint camera / software / creator.
- ▶ Check for watermark / hidden data
- ▶ Do you know who, where, when, why the photo was captured?
- ▶ Search for a “second shooter”.

???



QUESTIONS ?

No kittens were harmed in the production of this slideshow.

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